the apostle Paul was telling people to change their minds about God. For the Jews, they had to believe that Jesus is God. For the Greeks, they had to believe that there is but one God, absolutely no more. And then believe in Jesus Christ. If they didn't change their minds about God, then they wouldn't be believing in the Jesus Christ of the Bible but a different kind of Jesus, one who really can not save them from their sins. Have you believed in Jesus Christ? Do you believe that He has done everything for your salvation and there is nothing more for you to do but believe? If not, believe in Him now! Are you still trusting in your works to save you? If so, why not stop your

working and believe in Him?!

Grace for Salvation - Ephesians 2:8-9 Study 1

The word's grace and salvation are popular words, but what do they mean? Are they important for us? Is it necessary for us to understand them? They are rich words that speak volumes to Christians, but are absolutely necessary for those who wish to be Christians.

Verse 1 - Paul had _ PREACHED_ this good news.

- They had _ RECEIVED_ this good news.

-They_STAND_ by means of this good news. Verse 2 - They were _SAVED_ by this good news.

- They had hopefully <u>BELIEVED</u> it with a purpose. <u>CP.ROMANS 116</u>

Now what does Paul say that good news was?

Verse 3 - Christ _ OLED _ for our _ SINS__ according to the scriptures. Verse 4 - Christ was _____BURIED .

- Christ _____ ROSE AGAIN_____ the

third day according to the scriptures.

That good news confronts a person with his or her sins. But it also holds out a hope, Christ died for those sins. You and I are accountable to God for our sins. But Christ died for those sins. A person then has a choice, either he believes that Christ died for those sins, or he remains accountable to God for them himself. In Acts 10:43 we find, "all the ones believing in Him [Jesus Christ] receives forgiveness of sins". The word forgive means "to send away." If a person believes in Jesus Christ, that He died for your own sins and was buried and rose again the third day, his sins are forgiven or _____S oy ou are no longer accountable for those sins, Christ dealt with them. But you must believe that He died verything necessary.

The Grace - In Ephesians 2:8-9 we find, "[8] For by grace you are saved through faith, and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God: [9] Not of works, lest any man should boast." So what is this grace? The apostle Paul helps us understand grace in Romans 11:6, "But if by grace, it is no longer works, otherwise the grace no longer becomes grace. But if it is out of works, it is no longer grace, otherwise the work is no longer work". Do you see that, it is either grace or work. If you must do god works, even one good work, then it is not grace, but we saw in Ephesians 2:88, we are saved by ______not____not____.

Grace is an attitude which God has, by which He gives or provides something for those who don't deserve it. Since we are all sinners, we don't deserve anything but God's judgment, but He has given us salvation.

The Faith - The next word related to salvation in Ephesians 2:8 is faith, "saved by grace through faith". What is faith? "Now faith gives substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen." (Hebrews 11:1). You can't see the forgiveness of sins, but it is a hope held before a person, that if he will believe that Jesus Christ died for his sins, was buried and rose again, he too can have the forgiveness of sins. But he must believe that. There is no physical evidence or proof that this will happen, so faith makes that hope real, so the person can trust in what Christ has done for him.

CP 1 PETER 2:24 WHERE PETER INCLUDES HIMSELF

Salvation is related to faith so that it can be by God's grace, "Wherefore, this *is* from faith in order that it *is* according to grace..." (Romans 4:16a). In fact we find in verse 5 of this same chapter, "but to the one not working but believing upon the one declaring the ungodly person righteous, his faith is logically credited for righteousness". Do you see that? Salvation or righteousness is not by one _______but by ______toronomed______ Like 1 Corinthians 15:3, where Christ died for our _______one____ here we find God declares righteous the _______ control_____ person. This salvation is not for good and righteous people but for sinners and ungodly people, and whether we want to admit it or not, we are all sinners and ungodly people, every person born on this earth needs this salvation. Any person can have that salvation, if He will ______intercor_____ in Jesus Christ, that He died for our sins, that He was buried, and that He rose again from the dead. What if a person doesn't believe in Him? John wrote, "The one believing in Him is not judged. The one not believing is already judged ..." (John 3:18). It is not enough to just believe in a person named Jesus. We must believe in the Person, Jesus Christ, God in flesh, Who died for our sins, was buried and rose again. If you have believed that you are ______more____ and are not

JUDGED __ SEE ALSO ROMANS 3:10: 5:8

The Question of Repentance - Let's answer one more question. Do we not find in the Bible that a person must "repent"? Indeed, we do find "repentance", "Testifving both to the Jews, and also to the Greeks, repentance toward God, and faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ." (Acts 20:21). What does repent or repentance mean? It simply means to change one's mind. Some have taught that repentance is "sorrow over sin". But that is not the meaning of this word. That is not to say that we should take sin lightly. But when people were told to repent, they were being told to change their minds about something. In the verse above, the apostle Paul was telling people to change their minds about God. For the Jews, they had to believe that Jesus is God. For the Greeks, they had to believe that there is but one God, absolutely no more. And then believe in Jesus Christ. If they didn't change their minds about God, then they wouldn't be believing in the Jesus Christ of the Bible but a different kind of Jesus, one who really can not save them from their sins.

Have you believed in Jesus Christ? Do you believe that He has done everything for your salvation and there is nothing more for you to do but believe? If not, believe in Him now! Are you still trusting in your works to save you? If so, why not stop your working and believe in Him?!

READ ABOUT PAUL AND THE PHILIPPIAN JAILER IN ACTS 16

Grace for Living part 1 - Romans 5 Study 2

Last time we looked at the Gospel. Let's see what you remember.

The word "gospel" means - ___GOOD_NEWS_.

The "gospel" for salvation is about ____CHRIST___.

What did He do? - ____ DIED FOR OUR SINS____

WAS BURIED

ROSE AGAIN

What is a person not supposed to do to be saved -

<u>SUS CHIRST_.</u>

We are saved by God's ___GRACE____.

Now grace did not stop when you believed the good news. In fact for Christians, that's when we started to benefit from God's grace. God's grace is still a big part of our lives.

> Graced in the Beloved - In Ephesians 1:6 we can read, "To praise of glory, consisting of His grace, from which [grace], He graced us in the One having been loved." Many Bibles don't make clear that the word "grace" occurs in this verse twice. The first time it is a noun "grace" and the second a verb "graced". If you have believed in Jesus Christ, that He died for your _____, was _____.

ED_ and _ROSEAGAIN_, you too are graced. Where are we graced? In the One having been

___OCC___. That's Jesus Christ. What does Paul mean by "in"? Simply, that at the same time you and I live down here on this earth, God the Father counts or credits you and I to already be in heaven. He does this by crediting us to be in Christ Jesus. Let's look at things right here in Ephesians 1 that are true of us in Christ Jesus. "[1] Paul, an apostle of Jesus Christ by the will of God, to the saints which are at Ephesus, even the faithful ones in Christ Jesus: [2] Grace is to you, and peace, from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ. [3] Blessed is the God even Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has blessed us with all spiritual blessings in the heavenlies in Christ: [4] According as he chose us in Him before the foundation of the world, that we should be holy and blameless before him in love: [5] Having set boundaries for us unto the graduation as sons through Jesus Christ to Himself, according to the good pleasure of his desirous will. [6] To the praise of the glory of his grace, from which He has graced us in the Beloved

[7] In whom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of offenses, according to the riches of his arace"

Number 2 is very important. The word "bless" and "blessings" means "to say _______ incompared God the Father says good words about us there. That's because in Christ we are _______. We don't deserve God to say those good things about us, but He does! What are those good things? There are two in verse 4, we are _______ and without ________ before God. That is certainly grace! In verse 7, He says we have ________ incompared in verse 7, He says we have ________ for ________ the _______ the _______ we owed, so now He can say we are ________ the owed.

Grace not Law - Probably the hardest idea for us to learn is that since we are under God's grace, we aren't under law anymore. We find in the Bible and our experience certainly backs this up, that one of our problems is that our human nature has been affected by sin and is corrupted. The Bible calls this the flesh or "the sin". We sometimes call it the sin nature. Everyone has one. We were born into the world with one. But because of God's grace, we don't have to do everything our sin nature wants us to do. In Romans 6:2&3 we find out something else God says about us in Christ, "We who died to the sin, how shall we yet live in it, or don't you know that as many of us as were put into Christ Jesus, we were put into His death." In some of your Bibles you find the word "baptize" which simply means to "put Into" and is not referring to any water here but rather, what we saw in Ephesians 1, that God put us in Christ when we believed. Remember the first part of the gospel, "Christ______ for our sins". He suffered and He died, but by God's grace, He says we _______ with Christ. Now is that great grace! Later in verse 11, Paul tells us to "Logically count yourselves to be dead to the sin but alive to God in Christ Jesus". God logically says it's true and so we should think it! We should logically count it to be sol. This is how God gives us victory over the flesh or sin nature. Then in verse 14, we find "for sin shall not be a lord over you, for you are not under law but under grace".

The sin is not to be a <u>MASIER</u> over you. That means it isn't your boss anymore. It can't tell you what to do.

You are not under _____LAW___.

You are under ______CERCE__, because we are graced in Christ. And as we have seen right here in Romans 6, one of the ways God graced us was by saying that we

__DIED_____ to sin in Christ and that we are __ALIVE_____ to God in Christ.

This gracious position in Christ is referred to in Hebrews 4:16. Can you find what Paul calls it? "Therefore, let us come boldly to the throne of grace, in order that we might receive mercy and we might find well-limed grace for a cry for help." _____

_____Read verses 9-10, "Therefore, there remains a sabbath rest for the people of God. For the one entering into His rest, he also ceases from his works, just as God from His own works." At that throne of grace, we can ____

BEST_____. To rest means we cease from our ______. PORKS______. This is not a weekly sabbath, or a cessation of our physical labor. This is a spiritual rest. When we understand that we've been graced in Christ, we can stop trying to gain favor with God. We stop trying to earn a position with God. God has already said ______ good things about us in Christ in the heavenlies! What else could we get?!

Maybe this week, if you've never done so before, you will start thinking these things that God says. Maybe you can start enjoying some of the benefits of knowing that we are "graced in Christ" the One Who is Loved.

CAN ADD COLOSSIANS 2:11-14, 20 - WE DIED TO THE ELE-MENTS OF THE WORLD SYSTEM.

ROMANS 6:1 - SINCE WE DIED TO THE SIN NATURE, AND SINCE THE SIN NATURE WAS THE REASON FOR OUR CON-DEMINATION (ROMANS 5:15, 16, 16) WE ARE NOT CON-DEMINED IN CHRIST.

Grace for Living part 2 - 2 Timothy 2:1 Study 3

Let's review.

AGAIN_____

How must an unsaved person respond to that gospel in order to be saved? ______ BELIEVE IN JESUS CHRIST _____.

Anything else? _____ NO_____.

If you have believed the gospel, where does God count or credit us to be? ______ INTHE HEAVENLIES ______.

In whom does the Father count us to be? __OHRISTLESUS _. The apostle Paul says that in Christ Jesus we have been

_____GRACE_____. (Ephesians 1:6).

Can you think of some things God has graced us with in Christ?

ALL SPIRITUAL BLESSINGS, _____ BLAMELESS_, _____ REDEEMED_____, FORGIVEN______

Grace provides power - If you remember, God's grace is an attitude by which He provides or does for us that which we do not deserve. Many of these things are tied to our being in Christ. Power is one of those things which God provides for us by His grace. Look at the following scriptures and note where this strength is.

2 Timothy 2:1 "Therefore, my loved child, be empowered by the grace in Christ Jesus" _____ GRACE IN CHRIST JESUS _____

CHRIST____

Where do I receive this strength? In my arms, legs and neck? Read Ephesians 3:16, "In order that He might give to you, according to the riches consisting of His glory, by power, to be manifestly mighty [displayed strength] through His Spirit, in the inner man." I am empowered in my position in Christ, by God's grace, through the work of the Holy Spirit and I receive that strength in THE INNER . What is the inner man? It's your mind, your spirit, 2 Corinthians 4:16-17. "Our outer man is perishing [breaking down] but our inner man is renewed day by day. For our present lightness consisting of pressure is working for us an exceeding weight of glory." Our outer man is our _BODY_. It is __BREAKING_ DOWN . Our inner man is BEING RENEWED . So God gives us mental strength to keep it together. Paul was able to call the pressure he experienced LIGHT but it is also producing an eternal WEIGHT of glory. You and I, like Paul are able to keep on keeping on, not by our own grit and determination but by God's inner strength and it all goes back to our position in __ CHRIST__, where God had graced us. This is important because if you think about it, your spiritual life really takes place in the mind. You can be a powerful witness and spiritual person even when your physical

body is very sick, maimed or injured. 2 Corinthians 12:7-10 "And by the abundance of revelations, in order that I should not lift myself up, a thorn was given to me in the flesh, a messenger from Satan, in order that it might beat me up, in order that I should not lift myself up. Concerning this, three times I asked the Lord that it [the thorn] might leave me. And He said to me. " My grace is sufficient for you. for my strength is made perfect in weakness." Therefore. I will gladly boast in my weakness in order that the power of Christ might dwell upon me. Wherefore, I think it is good in my weaknesses, in arrogant insults, in necessities, in persecutions, in tight places on behalf of Christ. For whenever I am weak, then I am strong." God's grace is ___<u>SUFFICIENT</u>____. When we are weak and must depend upon God's grace then we are really STRONG . We should always depend upon God, but sometimes, we rely upon our own efforts and strength. It is good for us to have times of weakness to remind us to always depend upon God for this strength. How do we get this strength? We are to think about being in ______. We are to remind ourselves that we have been ___GRACED__ in _

In Colossians 1:9-11, Paul expressed his wish for the Colossians to know God's will in verse 9 made possible by an empowerment in verse 11. "being empowered by means of all power according to [measured by] the manifest might [show of strength] consisting of His glory unto all patience and longsuffering with joy." The goal of being empowered is a display or manifestation of strength. In verse 10 we find the activities of the believer that make this empowerment necessary. "that you walk worthy of the Lord in all things pleasing, bearing fruit in every good work, and growing in the full experiential knowledge of God." 5.We might ______. 14ELORD ______. 6.We can bear _____. 6.We can bear _____. 7.We can increase ___. 7.We can increase __...

None of this would be possible without this empowerment in your mind [inner man]. You and I just could not do it!

Then look at the end of verse 11. This empowerment makes it possible for us to have ______along with longsuffering and joy. Patience is a mental quality. It is the maintaining of proper character or attitude while remaining under an adverse circumstance. To have patience, you need power. But you don't need power in your body but in your _______ which is your ______, because patience is mental.

Let's read again Philippians 4:13 but this time we'll include verses 11-12. "Not that I speak according to a lack, for I have learned in which I am, to be content. For I know how to be humble, and I know how to abound. In all things and in all ways I have been taught to be full and hunger, to abound and to lack. I am endued with strength for all things in the One strengthening me - Christ." In this context, what does the empowerment in Christ make possible for Paul? _

Grace accessed by Faith - In our New Testament, we find things God does by His grace to and for us in Christ over 100 times. That shows how important this truth is. How am I to relate to all this? Previously, we learned that faith makes things I hope for and for which I can find no concrete evidence, reall. Not just anything I hope for, but those things God tells me in the Bible, things He has promised to you and I. Now, I can't see "grace". I can't even see myself "in Christ". But God tells me that I can enjoy certain benefits because He counts me to be in Christ Jesus. Since I have God's promise and I can't see it, I have to have faith in that promise, that if I do "think" about what God says about me in Christ, I can do certain things. So, we find in Romans 5:2-4, " [2] through Whom [Jesus Christ] we have the access by the faith into this grace, in which we stand and we boast upon hope consisting of the glory of God. [3] But not only, but we also boast in pressure, knowing that the pressure produces patience, [4] but the patience approval, but the approval hope, but the hope does not shame, because the love of God is gushed for in our hearts..." Now there is a reason to access this grace.

You see, anyone can boast about success in great things, but Christians can face real pressure. When we "think" about being in Christ, where we are "graced" God gives us the strength to keep on keeping on under that pressure. When we keep on keeping on by the power from God's grace, that results in approved character. And approved character results in hope concerning God's glory, that God can indeed do what He has promised me He will do. He will complete my salvation. He will do this for every believer, but the one who faces pressure by God's power really has hope in what God, because he's had a little taste of what is to come.

Grace for Finishing - 1 Peter 1:11 Study 4

We have seen that we were saved by grace at the moment we believed in Jesus Christ through the gospel. We have also seen that our present way of life is by the grace from God. Now we will see that our salvation will be finished by grace.

Review -

"Gospel" means - ____GOOD_NEWS______ Who is the gospel about? __IGSUS CHRIST______ What does the gospel tell us that He did?

8	HE DIED FOR OU
<u>SINS</u>	
9	HE WAS BUR-
IED	
10	HE ROSE
AGAIN	

What must a person do to be saved?

What must a person not do to be saved? ______ So, we are saved by _____

When a person believes the gospel, he is put into _______ God the Father ______ the main of the believer can access this grace by _______ He receives

______STRENGTH___ by this grace which is in Christ. He receives this strength in the _____NNCREMAN_____ which is his _____NND_____.

Our salvation is not finished. We all suffer aches and pains. There are things we simply can not do because we do not yet have all of

our salvation which God has promised for us. We do have all spiritual ____ BLESSINGS_____ in the heavenlies. But we are waiting for the time that those good words which God says about us become absolutely true. We are waiting for the day that God not only logically counts us to be in heaven but we truly are in heaven. Paul wrote in Philippians 3:20-21. "For our citizenship exists in heavens out of which we are eagerly awaiting the Savior. the Lord Jesus Christ, who will change our humble body, that it will be conformed to His glorious body ... " Paul calls our present body ____HUMBLE___ which means "low". Our present bodies are limited. We are _EAGERLY_AWAITING the Savior who will change the body to be like ____HIS__ __GLORIOUS____ body. Note, that Paul does not say that some of us will be changed. All who have believed in Jesus Christ as their Savior will be changed. John wrote about 30 years later, "Loved ones, now we are God's children and it is not vet plainly visible what we will be. We know that whenever He is plainly visible, we will be like Him, because we will see Him for ourselves, even as He is," (1 John 3:2), We don't see Jesus Christ right now. Peter wrote. "Whom, having not seen, you love..." (1 Peter 1:8). But John wrote that we will see Him someday. There is a day coming when He will be plainly visible to all of us. We will see Him as he truly is. What happens to us then? WE WILL BE LIKE HIM . He's writing about seeing "Jesus" which is the title of His human nature. Therefore, John is not saving that we will become God or even little gods. We become like Jesus' human nature. He is God, but it will be His "glorious body" that we will see and our HUMBLE bodies will be changed like His ____GLORIOUS___ body. His body belongs to His human nature not His "God" nature.

"Because the Lord Himself will descend from heaven with a shout. with a voice of an archangel and with a trumpet of God, and the dead ones in Christ will rise first, then we the living ones, the ones remaining here on earth will be snatched together with them in clouds to a meeting with the Lord in the air, and in this way, we will always be with the Lord." (1 Thessalonians 4:16-17). We won't be changed and stay here. We will be _SNATCHED to be with the _LORD__. In fact from that time on, we will __AL-WAYS be with the Lord. On our way to heaven, Jesus will judge all our works. These "works" can not be our sins or bad things, because we saw in our second study that our sins were forgiven which means "sent away". These works are the things we do for God. They are our "good works". Jesus will judge the nature of those works. "So that, you do not judge anything before that time, until whenever the Lord comes, who will both shed light on the hidden things of darkness and will make plainly visible the choices of the hearts. And then, there will be praise from God for each one." (1 Corinthians 4:5), "Good works" which no one here ever saw, will be seen. Then EACH one will receive PRAISE from God. That's pretty amazing. That's grace that God would give praise to any of us!

Then the Bible states that Jesus Christ is the One who is responsible for the Church being perfect. "That He might present it [the church] to Himself a glorious church, not having a spot or wrinkle or any such thing; but that it should be holy and without blemish." (Ephesians 5:27). Because of Christ, not because of you and I, the church will be ______ and ______ That again is grace! Let's read Philippians 1:6, "being confident of this same thing, that the One having begun in you a good work, will complete it until the day of Christ Jesus." Who will complete our salvation? ________ Do you see again how God works by grace? Salvation is God's work. God started it by sending His Son. God provided it freely by grace through faith. God is giving us a place in Christ by grace. God will finish our salvation. You and I are more than a body. We read in 1 Thessalonians 5:23, "Now, may the God of peace Himself sanctify [set apart] you completely and may you whole spirit, soul and body be guarded blamelessly in the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ." You and I have three key parts which make us a human beind. We have a

SPIRIT , a SOUL , and a BODY . The spirit is that part with which you think. The soul is that part with which you "feel", it is the center of your senses and emotions. You know what your body is. When you were saved by BEin Jesus Christ as He is described in the _GOSPEL , one part of those three was saved. We already know that your body is waiting the finishing of your salvation. Read the following passages then determine what part was saved? John 3:6 " ... that being born from the Spirit is spirit.": Ephesians 4:23 "to be renewed by the spirit of your mind": 1 Corinthians 6:17 "But the one being joined to the Lord is one spirit." So what part is saved? MY_SPIRIT_____. That means that our souls are not yet saved. Our emotions are not dependable. Our senses can be deceived, 1 Peter 1:7, 9 "In order that the approval of your faith, much more precious than gold which is perishing, though it is proved through fire, it might be found to the praise and honor and glory in the revelation of Jesus Christ. Iv. 91 obtaining for yourselves the completion of your faith the salvation of your souls." The "revelation" refers to Christ being unveiled or revealed to us. Remember

John's words, "when we see Him as He is" that is about which Peter is writing. So when our faith is completed when Christ is revealed, our _____SOUL__ will be saved.

Now, we've implied that this it is grace that God finishes this salvation. But the Bible does specifically state this! We find in 1 Peter 1:13. "Wherefore, binding up the loins consisting of our thoughts. being clear headed, hope completely on the grace being brought to you at the revelation of Jesus Christ." Peter draws a word picture for us with "binding up the loins ... " This is a picture of putting on a leather girdle. This girdle is not for vanity, to look nice. Romans soldiers wore girdles to maintain strength when they were under pressure. These christians were under pressure and they needed a girdle but not a physical girdle but one for their thoughts. This girdle involved hoping upon the ____ GRACE____ that was being brought to them. These believers needed to remember that when our Savior comes. He will bring grace with Him. I don't deserve for Him to change by humble body like to His _GLORI-OUS_ body. I don't deserve to always be with _THELORD_. I don't deserve that God should _PRAISE me for my works and choices. I don't deserve that my Savior should present me as part of the glorious church ______ and without _BLAME . I don't deserve that He should ____EINISH___ the work which He began in me. I didn't deserve the work He began. I don't deserve the work He is doing. I won't deserve the work He will complete. That's why Peter can write to these christians to HOPE upon the _____ GRACE__ which is being brought to them.

More Grace for living - Growing by Grace Study 5

Now there is one last area that is closely related to this empowerment and that is growth. God wants us to grow spiritually. Spiritual growth involves discemment, being capable of facing greater challenges or adversity and ultimately of knowing how to depend upon God more consistently or regularly. In 2 Peter 3:18 we find "Grow by the grace and experiential knowledge of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ." How does a believer grow? ______ in concord _____ and ____ or concording the more concord of cure ______ form

Peter wrote much about grace but much of it is hidden because of the way in which our English Bibles are translated. Let's look at 1 Peter and see what he has to say about grace. You will need a Bible

4:10 - We are to be good _____STEWARDS___ of God's multifaceted grace by using our gift for others. (A manager)

5:5 - God gives grace to the ____HUMBLE____. The humble knows he needs God, always!

5:10 - God is the God of ______ grace! Why does he say all? Because it provides power for hardship as in 2:19, 20, a spiritual gift in 4:10, and will come at the Rapture in 1:13. It is not for just "good" things!

5:12 - This kind of grace is the ____TRUE__ grace of God. We ___STAND____ in it! (Remember Romans 5:1-5)

Grace not law

When parents think about growth we often think about our children. Well, you and I are God's children. We read in 1 John 3:1, "Behold, what unique sort of love the Father has given to us, in order that we should be called the children of God, and we are." We are not only called God's children, we _____God's children. Since we are God's children, God will raise us as His children. Since we are God's children, God will raise us as His children. Grace is an important part of how God raises. Titus 2:11-13 "[11] For the grace from God has appeared, saving to all men, [12] child training us [or raising us as children], in order that denying ungodliness and worldly lusts, we might live soberly, righteously and godly in this present age, [13] while eagerly expecting the happy hope even appearing of the glory of the great God even our Savior Jesus Christ"

Let's look at this verse carefully.

2:11 - The grace has <u>PERFECT</u>. What does Paul mean, "has appeared"? Only since the day of Pentecost, has God used His grace to govern the lives of His people. From the time Moses came down from Mount Sinai with the Law, God

governed His people Israel, by the Law. Read John 1:17 "Because the law was given through Moses, the grace and the truth came to be through Jesus Christ."

God didn't give the law through Moses until Moses was about 80 years old. It didn't come at his birth. Likewise, the grace didn't come into being when Christ was born, but after He had died on the cross, arose, and returned to heaven.

Everyone who has been saved in the history of the world, was saved by grace. Both John and Paul are writing about the grace by which we live our daily lives. This grace is in contrast to the law that was given through Moses.

2:11 - The grace is ______to all men. God has extended His grace toward all men. Though all men may not believe the gospel, and therefore remain unsaved, God has provided for their salvation. If they remain judged, it's their fault, not God's. Grace has always been the basis of salvation. But Paul will now explain how that grace for salvation is also extended for our daily lives. This is the aspect of grace that has appeared.

2:12 - This grace is now _ OHILD TRAINING (TEACH-ING)_____ us. It is raising us as _____ CHILDREN____. The remainder of this passage will explain what the grace is teaching us.

2:12 - To deny [SAY NOT TO] ungodliness and worldly lusts. Ungodliness is the kind of life that does not reflect God's kind of life and therefore does not honor Him. Worldly lusts describe the misuse of what God has provided for us. God has given us many things in salvation, but He has also explained that there is a certain way to use the benefits. When we misuse them, such as loving the world instead of loving God and His family, we are _____MISUSING__ that love. How does grace train us as children to say not to these things? Grace points us to benefits which God has already given. Contrast this to law for just a moment. Read Deuteronomy 4:1 & 8:1 - If you would _____ DO___ you could . Deuteronomy 28:1-2 - If you wanted the blessings, you had to __ OBEY_____ the law. Deuteronomy 28:15ff - If you didn't __OBEY____then the CURSES would come upon you. That's the way law works. As a result, we find in Hebrews 7:19 that "the law made nothing __ PERFECT_____ [that is _ MATURE____]" Let's contrast this to how grace trains us. According to Ephesians 1:3, we already have __ALL___ spiritual blessings [___ GOOD WORDS] in the heavenlies. I don't have to OBEY to get them. But what grace then points me to is Ephesians 4:1 "Walk WORTHY of the calling with which you have been called." Ephesians 4:32 "be kind to _ ONE ANOTHER ... as God in CHRIST has been gracious with you." Ephesians 5:1-2 "Therefore, be IMITATORS of God as loved children: walk in

LOVE as Christ has LOVED you," Ephesians 5:7-8 "Therefore, do not be partakers with them; for you WERE darkness but NOW you are light in the Lord. ______ as children of light." Do you see the difference. We aren't earning blessings or fearing curses. Rather, God has already given us all blessings in Christ, Now, God is calling us to a life which is consistent with that gracious position we have in Christ. What is consistent? Let's look back in Titus 2 and see that grace also trains us to live -2:12 - _____ SOBERLY____ - This Greek word does not mean "not drunk" but "to think about salvation" or to be sensible Grace teaches us to live thinking about our salvation. 2:12 - RIGHTEOUSLY - This means to do what is right. 2:12 - _____ GODLY ____ - This is a life which shows God's life and therefore honors God. 2:13 - EAGERLY EXPECTING the appearing of our Savior. This is His coming to take His Church home to heaven. This agrees with 1 Peter 1:13, we look for His coming, we want to see Him. When He comes. He will come bring more arace.

This is how grace trains us. It points us to God's work for us so that it positively encourages a way of life which is consistent with all God has already given us. That's _____BOACC_____.

Do you see how God works in our lives by grace? He motivates us to consider what He has already done for us, especially what He has graced us with in Christ. God does not usually threaten us, or motivate us by holding out additional blessings. God points us to what He has already done. In this way, God's grace teaches us.

Hidden Grace Study 6

Our Bibles were not written in English but in Hebrew, Aramaic and Greek. We have English Bibles because people have translated copies of the Hebrew, Aramaic and Greek into English. But whenever a person translates something from one language to another, he does so with his understanding of what he is translating. Sometimes a literal translation doesn't seem to make sense at first. Grace has been affected like this. Sometimes the simple translation "grace" is easy to understand. But at times the Greek word *charis* - grace, has been hidden from the English reader [probably not by intention] by an attempt to make sense of a passage with a word that seemed to the translator to be the intended meaning of the author.

Recall, grace is God's attitude by which He imparts to us that which we do not _______. In the following verses, the New Testament writers used the word *charis*, meaning grace as we have been studying it. This study will only consider "grace" as given from God to us. You will probably see that this word is commonly translated "thanks" or something similar. This is because the word "thanks" translates the Greek word *eucharistia* which is literally "good grace". When a person says, "thanks", he is expressing recognition of the good grace another has shown him. However, by translating *charis* thanks, it makes it more difficult to see the connection with God's grace intended by the writer.

In this study you will need a Bible. Following each Scripture reference is a literal rendering of the phrase with the word grace correctly translated. Find the phrase in your Bible. Then read the context of the phrase and in that context, identify the undeserved benefit of the grace.

Romans 6:17 "But grace is by God,"

Romans 7:25 "Grace is by God through our Lord Jesus Christ ..."

1 Corinthians 15:57 "But grace is by God..."

2 Corinthians 2:14 "But grace is by God ... "

2 Corinthians 8:16 "But grace is by God ... "

2 Corinthians 9:15 "Grace is by God ... "

1 Timothy 1:12-14 "I have grace in the One empowering me Christ Jesus..."

2 Timothy 1:3-5 "I have grace by God ... "

1 Peter 2:19 "For this is grace if on account of conscience..."

1 Peter 2:20 "...this is grace with God."

Now we want to look at some verb forms of the word grace which are hidden. [A verb is an action word or state of being]. There are two Greek verbs from *charis*. The first is *charitao* and the second is *charizomai*. The first is translated highly graced in Luke 1:28. It also occurs in

Ephesians 1:6 "...from which He graced us in the Love
One" _____

The second word is most commonly translated by a variation of "forgive" or a variation of "give". This is part of the meaning does not do justice to the depth of this word. It literally means to deal with graciously, and therefore forgiveness may comprise some of that gracious dealing.

Romans 8:32 "and with Him graciously give us all things."

1 Corinthians 2:12 "the things graciously given to us

Ephesians 4:32 [This is an important text] "being gracious with yourselves, even as God also dealt graciously with you in Christ"

Philippians 1:29 "For it has been graciously given to you..." Philippians 2:9 "and graciously gave Him ..."

Colossians 2:13 "...dealt graciously with you, all your trespasses"

Colossians 3:13 "...dealing graciously with yourselves..."

Philemon 22 "that through your worship, I shall be dealt with graciously by you all"

Does understanding these passages as referring to grace open them up and expand there depth? Can you see the additionally benefits of God's grace for us? What a privilege to be the recipients of God's grace. THESE NEXT PAGES ARE THE SAME STUDIES **BUT IN** COPIABLE ORDER.

the apostle Paul was telling people to change their minds about God. For the Jews, they had to believe that Jesus is God. For the Greeks, they had to believe that there is but one God, absolutely no more. And then believe in Jesus Christ. If they didn't change their minds about God, then they wouldn't be believing in the Jesus Christ of the Bible but a different kind of Jesus, one who really can not save them from their sins.

Have you believed in Jesus Christ? Do you believe that He has done everything for your salvation and there is nothing more for you to do but believe? If not, believe in Him now! Are you still trusting in your works to save you? If so, why not stop your working and believe in Him?!

READ ABOUT PAUL AND THE PHILIPPIAN JAILER IN ACTS 16

Grace for Salvation - Ephesians 2:8-9 Study 1

The word's grace and salvation are popular words, but what do they mean? Are they important for us? Is it necessary for us to understand them? They are rich words that speak volumes to Christians, but are absolutely necessary for those who wish to be Christians.

The Gospel - At the heart of grace and salvation is the gospel. The				
word gospel simply means Many things can				
be considered good news, it all depends upon where you are. There				
is a good news for those who are not Christians and it is found in 1				
Corinthians 15:3-4 - "[1] Now, brothers, I make known to you the good news				
which I preached unto you, which also ye have received, and by which you stand;				
[2] By which also you are saved, if you hold fast what I preached unto you,				
unless you believed it without a purpose. [3] For I delivered to you first of all				
that which I also received, that Christ died for our sins according to the scriptures;				
[4] And that he was buried, and that he rose again the third day according to the				
scriptures:" Let's look at what Paul says about this good news.				
Verse 1 - Paul had this good news.				
- They had this good news.				
-They by means of this good news.				
Verse 2 - They were by this good news.				
- They had hopefully it with a				
purpose. <u>CP ROMANS 1:16</u>				
Now what does Paul say that good news was?				
Verse 3 - Christ for our ac-				
cording to the scriptures.				
Verse 4 - Christ was				
- Christ the third day				
according to the scriptures.				

That good news confronts a person with his or her sins. But it also holds out a hope, Christ died for those sins. You and I are accountable to God for our sins. But Christ died for those sins. A person then has a choice, either he believes that Christ died for those sins, or he remains accountable to God for them himself. In Acts 10:43 we find, "all the ones believing in Him [Jesus Christ] receives forgiveness of sins". The word forgive means "to send away." If a person believes in Jesus Christ, that He died for your own sins and was buried and rose again the third day, his sins are forgiven or

______. So you are no longer accountable for those sins, Christ dealt with them. But you must believe that He did everything necessary.

The Grace - In Ephesians 2:8-9 we find, "[8] Far by grace you are seed through faith; and that not of yourseless: it is the gift of God: [9]. Not of works, lest any man should boast." So what is this grace? The apostle Paul helps us understand grace in Romans 11:6, "Buti J by grace, it is no longer works, oftencise the grace no longer becomes grace. But j it is no longer works, oftencise the grace no longer becomes grace. But j it is no longer grace, otherwise the work is no longer work." Do you see that, it is either grace or work, If you must do good works, even one good work, then it is not grace, but we saw in Ephesians 2:88.9, we are saved by

not _____

Grace is an attitude which God has, by which He gives or provides something for those who don't deserve it. Since we are all sinners, we don't deserve anything but God's judgment, but He has given us salvation.

The Faith - The next word related to salvation in Ephesians 2:8 is faith, "saved by grace through faith". What is faith? "Now *faith gives substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen.*" (Hebrews 11:1). You can't see the forgiveness of sins, but it is a hope held before a person, that if he will believe that Jesus Christ died for his sins, was buried and rose again, he too can have the forgiveness of sins. But he must believe that. There is no physical evidence or proof that this will happen, so faith makes that hope real, so the person can trust in what Christ has done for him.

CP 1 PETER 2:24 WHERE PETER INCLUDES HIMSELF

Salvation is related to faith so that it can be by GodS grace, "Wherefore, this is from faith in order that it is according to grace...," (Romans 4:16a). In fact we find in verse 5 of this same chapter, "but to the one not working but believing upon the one declaring the model person rightness, his faith is logistilly codial for rightnessness". Do you see that? Salvation or rightnessness is not by one

______ Like 1 Corinthians 15:3, where Christ died for our ______, here we find God declares righteous the ______ person. This salvation is not for good and righteous people but for sinners and ungodly people, and whether we want to admit it or not, we are all sinners and ungodly people, every person born on this earth needs this salvation. Any person can have that salvation, if He will

______in Jesus Christ, that He died for our sins, that He was buried, and that He rose again from the dead. What if a person doesn't believe in Him? John wrote, "The one believing in Him is not judged. The one not believing is already judged..." (John 3:18). It is not enough to just believe in a person named Jesus. We must believe in the Person, Jesus Christ, God in flesh, Who died for our sins, was buried and rose again. If you have believed that you are

______ and are not ______. <u>SEE</u> ALSO ROMANS 3:10; 5:8

The Question of Repentance - Let's answer one more question. Do we not find in the Bible that a person must "repent"? Indeed, we do find "repentance", "Testifying both to the Tews, and also to the Greeks, repentance toward God, and faith toward our Lord Tesus Christ," (Acts 20:21). What does repent or repentance mean? It simply means to change one's mind. Some have taught that repentance is "sorrow over sin". But that is not the meaning of this word. That is not to say that we should take sin lightly. But when people were told to repent, they were being told to change their minds about something. In the verse above, the apostle Paul was telling people to change their minds about God. For the Jews, they had to believe that Jesus is God. For the Greeks, they had to believe that there is but one God, absolutely no more. And then believe in Jesus Christ. If they didn't change their minds about God, then they wouldn't be believing in the Jesus Christ of the Bible but a different kind of Jesus, one who really can not save them from their sins.

Have you believed in Jesus Christ? Do you believe that He has done everything for your salvation and there is nothing more for you to do but believe? If not, believe in Him now! Are you still trusting in your works to save you? If so, why not stop your working and believe in Him?!

READ ABOUT PAUL AND THE PHILIPPIAN JAILER IN ACTS 16

Grace for Living part 1 - Romans 5 Study 2

Last time we looked at the Gospel. Let's see what you remember.

The word "gospel" means - _____.
The "gospel" for salvation is about ______.
What did He do? - _____.

What is a person not supposed to do to be saved -

What is a person supposed to do -

We are saved by God's _____

Now grace did not stop when you believed the good news. In fact for Christians, that's when we started to benefit from God's grace. God's grace is still a big part of our lives.

-

Graced in the Beloved - In Ephesians 1:6 we can read, "To praise of glory, consisting of His grace, from which (grace), He graced us in the One having been lowed." Many Bibles don't make clear that the word "grace" occurs in this verse twice. The first time it is a noun "grace" and the second a verb "graced". If you have believed in Jesus Christ, that He died for your

_____, was _____ and _____, you too are graced.

Jesus Christ, [3] Blessed is the God even Futher of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has blessed us with all spiritual blessings in the howenlies in Christ; [4] According as he choose us in Him before the foundation of the world, that we should be holy and blanneless before him in hore; [5] Harving set boundaries for us unto the graduation as sons through Jesus Christ to Himself, according to the good pleasure of his desirus will, [6] To the praise of the glory of his grace, from exhich He has graced us in the Beloved. [7] In suchom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of offoreses, according to the riches of his grace"

1. The Christians in Ephesus were

	ir	Christ Jesus. v. 1	
2.H	le has	us with	
			in the
hea	venlies in Christ Jesus. v	. 3	
3.H	Ieus	in Christ, to be	
	and		. v. 4
	n Christ Jesus, we have _		
whi	ich is the	of our offen	ses. v. 7
Number 2	is very important. The	word "bless" and	"blessings"
means "to :	say	"	Because
you and I a	ure in Christ, God the Fa	ather says good w	ords about
us there. T	'hat's because in Christ	we are	We
don't deser	ve God to say those goo	d things about us	, but He
does! What	t are those good things?	There are two is	1 verse 4, we
are	_ and without	before	God. That
is certainly	grace! In verse 7, He s	ays we have	
	, which means	that He	
[or] the	we	owed, so
	n say we are		

Grace not Law - Probably the hardest idea for us to learn is that since we are under God's grace, we aren't under law anymore. We find in the Bible and our experience certainly backs this up, that one of our problems is that our human nature has been affected by sin and is corrupted. The Bible calls this the flesh or "the sin", We sometimes call it the sin nature. Everyone has one. We were born into the world with one. But because of God's grace, we don't have to do everything our sin nature wants us to do. In Romans 6:2&3 we find out something else God says about us in Christ, "We who did to the sin, how shall we yel lice in it, or dm't you how that as many of us as user put into Christ Jesus, we seer put into His death." In some of your Bibles you find the word "baptize" which simply means to "by ut into" and is not referring to any water here but rather, what we saw in Ephesians 1, that God put us in Christ when we believed. Remember the first part of the gospel, "Christ" grace, He says we

_______with Christ. Now is that great greated. Later in verse 11, Paul tells us to "Logically county ourselese to be dead to the sin but alice to God in Christ Jean". God logically says it's true and so we should think it! We should logically count it to be so! This is how God gives us victory over the flesh or sin nature. Then in verse 14, we find "for sin shall not be a land over you, for you are not under luw but under gave".

The sin is not to be a _______ over you. That means it isn't your boss anymore. It can't tell you what to do. You are under _______, because we are graced in Christ. And as we have seen right here in Romans 6, one of the ways God graced us was by saying that we ______ to God in Christ and that we are ______ to God in Christ. This gracious position in Christ is referred to in Hebrews 4:16. Can you

This gracious position in Christ is referred to in Prepress 7:10. Gan you find what Paul calls it? "Therefore, let us come boldly to the throne of grace, in order that we might receive mercy and we might find well-timed grace for a cry for help." _______ Read verses 9-10,

"Therefore, there remains a sabbath rest for the people of God. For the one entering into His rest, he also ceases from his works, just as God from His own works." At that throne of grace, we can ______. To rest means we cease from

our ______. This is not a weekly sabbath, or a cessation of our physical labor. This is a spiritual rest. When we understand that we've been graced in Christ, we can stop trying to gain favor with God. We stop trying to earn a position with God. God has already said good things about us in Christ in the heavenlies! What else

could we get?!

Maybe this week, if you've never done so before, you will start thinking these things that God says. Maybe you can start enjoying some of the benefits of knowing that we are "graced in Christ" - the One Who is Loved.

CAN ADD COLOSSIANS 2:11-14, 20 - WE DIED TO THE ELE-MENTS OF THE WORLD SYSTEM.

ROMANS 8:1 - SINCE WE DIED TO THE SIN NATURE, AND SINCE THE SIN NATURE WAS THE REASON FOR OUR CON-DEMNATION (ROMANS 5:15, 16, 18) WE ARE NOT CON-DEMNED IN CHRIST.

Grace for Living part 1 - Romans 5 Study 2

Last time we looked at the Gospel. Let's see what you remember. The word "gospel" means -

The "gospel" for salvation is about _____. What did He do? - _____

What is a person not supposed to do to be saved - _____. What is a person supposed to do - ______

We are saved by God's ______.

Now grace did not stop when you believed the good news. In fact for Christians, that's when we started to benefit from God's grace. God's grace is still a big part of our lives.

Graced in the Beloved - In Ephesians 1:6 we can read, "To praise of glory, consisting of His grace, from which graced, He graced as in the One having hear lood." Many Bibles don't make clear that the word "grace" occurs in this verse twice. The first time it is a noum "grace" and the second a verb "graced". If you have believed in Jesus Christ, that He died for your _______ was _____ and _____, you

too are graced.

Where are we graced? In the Beloved (lit. the One having been

So in each case, the strength is in According to 2 Timothy 2:1 this strength is available to us because of God's which is in . Where do I receive this strength? In my arms, legs and neck? Read Ephesians 3:16, "In order that He might give to you, according to the riches consisting of His glory, by power, to be manifestly mighty [displayed strength] through His Spirit, in the inner man." I am empowered in my position in Christ, by God's grace, through the work of the Holy Spirit and I receive that strength in . What is the inner man? It's your mind, your spirit. 2 Corinthians 4:16-17. "Our outer man is perishing /breaking down/ but our inner man is renewed day by day. For our present lightness consisting of pressure is working for us an exceeding weight of glory." Our outer man is our _____. It is _____. Our inner man is . So God gives us mental strength to keep it together. Paul was able to call the pressure he experienced but it is also producing an eternal of glory. You and I, like Paul are able to keep on keeping on, not by our own grit and determination but by God's inner strength and it all goes back to our position in , where God had graced us. This is important because if you think about it, your spiritual life really takes place in the mind. You can be a powerful witness and spiritual person even when your physical body is very sick, maimed or injured. 2 Corinthians 12:7-10 "And by the abundance of revelations, in order that I should not lift myself up, a thorn was given to me in the flesh, a messenger from Satan, in order that it might beat me up, in order that I should not lift myself up. Concerning this, three times I asked the Lord that it [the thorn] might leave me, And He said to me, "My grace is sufficient for you, for my strength is made berfect in weakness," Therefore, I will gladly boast in my weakness in order that the power of Christ might dwell upon me, Wherefore, I think it is good in my weaknesses, in arrogant insults, in necessities, in persecutions, in tight blaces on behalf of Christ. For whenever I am weak, then I am strong." God's grace is . When we are weak and must depend upon God's

______ When we are weak and must depend upon God's grace then we are really _______. We should always depend upon God, but sometimes, we rely upon our own efforts and strength. It is good for us to have times of weakness to remind us to always depend upon God for this strength. How do we get this strength? We are to think about being in ______. We are to remind ourselves that we have been ______ in _____. We are to remind ourselves that we have In Colossians 19-11, Paul expressed his wish for the Colossians to know God's will in verse 9 made possible by an empowerment in verse 11. "being empowered by means of all pozer according to [measured by] the manifst might [show of strength] consisting of His glory unto all patience and longardfring with joy." The goal of being empowered is a display or manifestation of strength. In verse 10 we find the activities of the believer that make this empowerment necessary. "dut you walk worthy of the Lord in all things plassing, bearing finit in every good towk, and georeting in the full exteriminal housdadeed of God."

1.We might

2.We can bear

3.We can increase _____.

None of this would be possible without this empowerment in your mind [inner man]. You and I just could not do it!

Then look at the end of verse 11. This empowerment makes it possible for us to have ______ along with longsuffering and joy. Patience is a mental quality. It is the maintaining of proper character or attitude while remaining under an adverse circumstance. To have patience, you need power. But you don't need power in your body but in your which is your

patience is mental.

Let's read again Philippians 4:13 but this time we'll include verses 11-12. "Not that 1 speak according to a lack, for 1 have learned in which I am, to be content. For I have how to be humble, and I have how to abound. In all things and in all ways I have been taught to be full and hanges, to abound and to lack. I am endued with strength for all things in the One strengthening me - Christ." In this context, what does the empowerment in Christ make possible for Paul?

Grace accessed by Faith - In our New Testament, we find things God does by His grace to and for us in Christ over 100 times. That shows how important this truth is. How am I to relate to all this? Previously, we learned that faith makes things I hope for and for which I can find no concrete evidence, real! Not just anything I hope for, but those things God tells me in the Bible, things He has promised to you and I. Now, I can't see "grace". I can't even see mysel" "in Christ". But God tells me that I can enjoy certain benefits because He counts me to be in Christ Jesus. Since I have God's promise and I can't see it, I have to have faith in that promise, that if I do 'think" about what God says about me in Christ, I can do certain things. So, we find in Romans 5:2-4, " [2] *drough Whom Jesus Christ are have the access by the faith into this grace, in which we stand and we boast upon hope consisting of the glory of God.* [3] *But not only, but we also boast in pressure, knowing that the pressure produces patience, [4] but the patience approval, but the approval hope, but the hope does not shame, because the lowe of God is gudoel for in our hearts..." Now there is a reason to access this grace.*

We can boast in	v. 3 [Tribulation means
severe pressure]	
Pressure produces	v. 3
Patience produces	. v. 4
Approval produces	. v. 4
This refers to verse 2, we boa	st in the hope of God's

You see, anyone can boast about success in great things, but Christians can face real pressure. When we "think" about being in Christ, where we are "graced" God gives us the strength to keep on keeping on under that pressure. When we keep on keeping on by the power from God's grace, that results in approved character. And approved character results in hope concerning God's give; that God can indeed do what He has promised me He will do. He will complete my salvation. He will do this for every believer, but the one who faces pressure by God's power really has hope in what God, because he's had a little taste of what is to come.

Grace for Living part 2 - 2 Timothy 2:1

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Study 3

Let's review.

Who is the gospel about?

What did He do for your salvation?

How must an unsaved person respond to that gospel in order to be saved? ______. Anything else?

If you have believed the gospel, where does God count or credit us to be?_____.

In whom does the Father count us to be?

The apostle Paul says that in Christ Jesus we have been

. (Ephesians 1:6).

Can you think of some things God has graced us with in Christ? _____, _____, _____,____.

Grace provides power - If you remember, God's grace is an attitude by which He provides or does for us that which we do not deserve. Many of these things are tied to our being in Christ. Power is one of those things which God provides for us by His grace. Look at the following scriptures and note where this strength is.

2 Timothy 2:1 "Therefore, my loved child, be embowered by the grace in Christ Jesus"_____

Philippians 4:13 "I am endued with strength for all things, in the One embowering me - Christ"_____.

Ephesians 6:10 "For the rest, be empowered in the Lord and by the manifest might from His endued strength."

which means "low." Our present bodies are limited. We are

the Savior who will change the body to be like body. Note, that Paul does

not say that some of us will be changed. All who have believed in Jesus Christ as their Savior will be changed. John wrote about 30 years later, "Loved ones, now we are God's children and it is not yet plainly visible what we will be. We know that whenever He is plainly visible, we will be like Him, because we will see Him for ourselves, even as He is." (1 John 3:2). We don't see Jesus Christ right now. Peter wrote, "Whom, having not seen, you love ... " (1 Peter 1:8). But John wrote that we will see Him someday. There is a day coming when He will be plainly visible to all of us. We will see Him as he truly is. What happens to us then?

. He's writing about seeing "Jesus" which is the title of His human nature. Therefore, John is not saying that we will become God or even little gods. We become like Jesus' human nature. He is God, but it will be His "glorious body" that we will see and our _____ bodies will be changed like His _____ body. His body belongs to His human nature not His "God" nature.

"Because the Lord Himself will descend from heaven with a shout, with a voice of an archangel and with a trumpet of God, and the dead ones in Christ will rise first, then we the living ones, the ones remaining here on earth will be snatched together with them in clouds to a meeting with the Lord in the air, and in this way, we will always be with the Lord." (1 Thessalonians 4:16-17). We won't be changed and stay here. We will be to be with the

. In fact from that time on, we will

be with the Lord. On our way to heaven, Jesus will judge all our works. These "works" can not be our sins or bad things, because we saw in our second study that our sins were forgiven which means "sent away". These works are the things we do for God. They are our "good works". Jesus will judge the nature of those works. "So that, you do not judge anything before that time, until whenever the Lord comes, who will both shed light on the hidden things of darkness and will make plainly visible the choices of the hearts. And then, there will be praise from God for each one." (1 Corinthians 4:5), "Good works" which no one here ever saw, will be seen. Then one will receive

from God. That's pretty amazing. That's grace that God would give praise to any of us!

Then the Bible states that Jesus Christ is the One who is responsible for the Church being perfect. "That He might present it [the church] to Himself a glorious church, not having a spot or wrinkle or any such thing; but that it should be holy and without blemish." (Ephesians 5:27). Because of Christ, not because of you and I, the church will be _____ and

. That again is grace! Let's read

Philippians 1:6, "being confident of this same thing, that the One having begun in you a good work, will complete it until the day of Christ Tesus," Who will complete our salvation? _____. Do you see again how God works by grace? Salvation is God's work. God started it by sending His Son. God provided it freely by grace through faith. God is giving us a place in Christ by grace. God will finish our salvation.

You and I are more than a body. We read in 1 Thessalonians 5:23, "Now, may the God of peace Himself sanctify [set apart] you completely and may you whole spirit, soul and body be guarded blamelessly in the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ." You and I have three key parts which make us a human being. We have a _____, a _____, and a _____.

The spirit is that part with which you think. The soul is that part with which you "feel", it is the center of your senses and emotions. You know what your body is. When you were saved by

in Jesus Christ as He is described in the

, one part of those three was saved. We already know that your body is waiting the finishing of your salvation. Read the following passages then determine what part was saved? John 3:6 " ... that being born from the Spirit is spirit,": Ephesians 4:23 "to be renewed by the spirit of your mind"; 1 Corinthians 6:17 "But the one being joined to the Lord is one spirit." So what part is saved? _____. That means that our souls are not yet saved. Our emotions are not dependable. Our senses can be deceived. 1 Peter 1:7, 9 "In order that the approval of your faith, much more precious than gold which is perishing, though it is proved through fire, it might be found to the praise and honor and glory in the revelation of Jesus Christ. [v. 9] obtaining for yourselves the completion of your faith the salvation of your souls." The "revelation" refers to Christ being unveiled or revealed to us. Remember John's words, "when we see Him as He is" that is about which Peter is

writing. So when our faith is completed when Christ is revealed, our will be saved.

Now, we've implied that this it is grace that God finishes this salvation. But the Bible does specifically state this! We find in 1 Peter 1:13, "Wherefore, binding up the loins consisting of our thoughts, being clear headed, hope completely on the grace being brought to you at the revelation of Jesus Christ." Peter draws a word picture for us with "binding up the loins..." This is a picture of putting on a leather girdle. This girdle is not for vanity, to look nice. Romans soldiers wore girdles to maintain strength when they were under pressure. These christians were under pressure and they needed a girdle but not a physical girdle but one for their thoughts. This girdle involved hoping upon the that was being brought to them. These believers needed to remember that when our Savior comes, He will bring grace with Him. I don't deserve for Him to change by humble body like to His body. I don't deserve to always be with _____. I don't deserve that God should me for my works and choices. I don't deserve that my Savior should present me as part of the glorious church _____ and without _____. I don't deserve that He should ______ the work which He began in me. I didn't deserve the work He began. I don't deserve the work He is doing. I won't deserve the work He will complete. That's why

Peter can write to these christians to _____

upon the ______ which is being brought to them.

Grace for Finishing - 1 Peter 1:11 Study 4

We have seen that we were saved by grace at the moment we believed in Jesus Christ through the gospel. We have also seen that our present way of life is by the grace from God. Now we will see that our salvation will be finished by grace.

Review -

"Gospel" means		
Who is the gospel about?		
What does the gospel tell us that He did?		
1		
2		
3		
What must a person do to be saved?		
What must a person not do to be saved?		
So, we are saved by		
When a person believes the gospel, he is put into		
God the Father	him	
in Christ "the One Who is loved." The believer can access this grace		
by He receives		
by this grace which is in Christ. He r	eceives	
this strength in the which is his		
Our salvation is not finished. We all suffer aches and pains. There a	are	

Our salvation is not finished. We all suffer aches and pains. There are things we simply can not do because we do not yet have all of our salvation which God has promised for us. We do have all spiritual

in the heavenlies. But we are waiting for the time that those dwords which God asys about us become absolutely true. We are waiting for the day that God not only logically counts us to be in heaven but we truly are in heaven. Paul wrote in Philippians 3:20-21, "For our citizenship exists in heaven. Paul wrote in Philippians 3:20-21, "For our citizenship exists in heaven. Paul wrote in Philippians 3:20-21, "For Jeass Christ, ucha will change our humble body, that it will be conformed to His glorious body... "Paul calls our present body ______

Grace not law

When parents think about growth we often think about our children. Well, you and I are God's children. We read in 1 John 3:1, "Behold, what unique

God ______ the Law through _____. The grace ______ through Jesus Christ. Note the difference. Moses didn't give the Law, it was given through him. But the grace, as we know it now, came into existence through Jesus Christ.

God didn't give the law through Moses until Moses was about 80 years old. It didn't come at his birth. Likewise, the grace didn't come into being when Christ was born, but after He had died on the cross, arose, and returned to heaven.

Everyone who has been saved in the history of the world, was saved by grace. Both John and Paul are writing about the grace by which we live our daily lives. This grace is in contrast to the law that was given through Moses.

2:11 - The grace is __________ to all men. God has extended His grace toward all men. Though all men may not believe the gospel, and therefore remain unsaved, God has provided for their salvation. If they remain judged, it's their fault, not God's. Grace has always been the basis of salvation. But Paul will now explain how that grace for salvation is also extended for our daily lives. This is the aspect of grace that has appeared.

2:12 - This grace is now _____ this passage will explain what the grace is teaching us. 2:12 - To deny [] ungodliness and worldly lusts. Ungodliness is the kind of life that does not reflect God's kind of life and therefore does not honor Him. Worldly lusts describe the misuse of what God has provided for us. God has given us many things in salvation, but He has also explained that there is a certain way to use the benefits. When we misuse them, such as loving the world instead of loving God and His family, we are _____ that love. How does grace train us as children to say not to these things? Grace points us to benefits which God has already given. Contrast this to law for just a moment. Read Deuteronomy 4:1 & 8:1 - If you would vou could . Deuteronomy 28:1-2 - If vou wanted the blessings, you had to the law, Deuteronomy 28:15ff - If you didn't _____ then the _____ would come upon you. That's the way law works. As a result, we find in Hebrews 7:19 that "the law made nothing _____ [that is _____]" Let's contrast this to how grace trains us. According to Ephesians 1:3. we already have ______ spiritual blessings [______] in the heavenlies. I don't have to _____ to get them. But what grace then points me to is Ephesians 4:1 "Walk _____ of the calling with which you have been called." Ephesians 4:32 "be kind to ... as God in has been gracious with you." Ephesians 5:1-2 "Therefore, be _____ of God as loved children; walk in ______ as Christ has ______ you," Ephesians 5:7-8 "Therefore, do not be partakers with them; for you ______ darkness but _____ you are light in the Lord. _____ as children of light." Do you see the difference. We aren't earning blessings or fearing curses. Rather, God has already given us all blessings in Christ. Now, God is calling us

to a life which is consistent with that gracious position we have in Christ. What is consistent? Let's look back in Titus 2 and see that grace also trains us to live - 2:12 - _______ - This Greek word does not mean "not drunk" but "to think about salvation" or to be sensible Grace teaches us to live thinking about our salvation.

2:13 - _______ the appearing of our Savior. This is His coming to take His Church home to heaven. This agrees with 1 Peter 1:13, we look for His coming, we want to see Him. When He comes, He will come bring more grace.

This is how grace trains us. It points us to God's work for us so that it positively encourages a way of life which is consistent with all God has already given us. That's ______.

Do you see how God works in our lives by grace? He motivates us to consider what He has already done for us, especially what He has graced us with in Christ. God does not usually threaten us, or motivate us by holding out additional blessings. God points us to what He has already done. In this way, God's grace teaches us.

More Grace for living - Growing by Grace Study 5

Now there is one last area that is closely related to this empowerment and that is growth. God wants us to grow spiritually. Spiritual growth involves discernment, being capable of facing greater challenges or adversity and ultimately of knowing how to depend upon God more consistently or regularly. In 2 Peter 3:18 we find "Gowe by the grace and experiential knowledge of our Lond and Sawio 'Jeaus Christ." How does a believer grow?

and _____

Peter wrote much about grace but much of it is hidden because of the way in which our English Bibles are translated. Let's look at 1 Peter and see what he has to say about grace. You will need a Bible

1:2 - Grace is _____ 1:10 - The ______ wrote about the grace for our future. 1:13 - Christ will bring grace to us at His _____. [the Rapture]. (We saw this last time). 2:19 - It is grace [thanks] when we wrongly endure because of our _____. 2:20 - If you are suffering for this is grace with God. Note that these last two are related to grace that empowers doing good and having patience. 3:7 - Believing spouses are of grace consisting of . (This is spiritual life. All believers receive the same) 4:10 - We are to be good of God's multi-faceted grace by using our gift for others. (A manager) 5:5 - God gives grace to the _____. The humble knows he needs God, always! 5:10 - God is the God of ALL grace! Why does he say all? Because it provides power for hardship as in 2:19, 20, a spiritual gift in 4:10, and will come at the Rapture in 1:13. It is not for just "good" things! 5:12 - This kind of grace is the TRUE grace of God. We ______ STAND _____ in it! (Remember Romans 5:1-5)

Hidden Grace Study 6

Our Bibles were not written in English but in Hebrew, Aramaic and Greek. We have English Bibles because people have translated copies of the Hebrew, Aramaic and Greek into English. But whenever a person translates something from one language to another, he does so with his understanding of what he is translating Sometimes a literal translation doesn't seem to make sense at first. **Grace** has been affected like this. Sometimes the simple translation "grace" is easy to understand. But at times the Greek word *duais* - grace, has been hidden from the English reader [probably not by intention] by an attempt to make sense of a passage with a word that seemed to the translator to be the intended meaning of the author.

Recall, grace is God's attitude by which He imparts to us that which we do not _______ In the following verses, the New Testament writers used the word dura's, meaning grace as we have been studying it. This study will only consider "grace" as given from God to us. You will probably see that this word is commonly translated "thanks" or something similar. This is because the word "thanks" translates the Greek word aucharistia which is literally "good grace". When a person says, "thanks", he is expressing recognition of the good grace another has shown him. However, by translating *dura*'s thanks, it makes i more difficult to see the connection with God's grace intended by the writer.

In this study you will need a Bible, Following each Scripture reference is a literal rendering of the phrase with the word grace correctly translated. Find the phrase in your Bible. Then read the context of the phrase and in that context, identify the undeserved benefit of the grace. Romans 6:17 "But grace is by God,"

Romans 7:25 "Grace is by God through our Lord Jesus Christ ..."

1 Corinthians 15:57 "But grace is by God ... "

2 Corinthians 2:14 "But grace is by God ... "

2 Corinthians 8:16 "But grace is by God ... "

2 Corinthians 9:15 "Grace is by God ... "

1 Timothy 1:12-14 "I have grace in the One empowering me Christ Jesus..."

2 Timothy 1:3-5 "I have grace by God ... "

1 Peter 2:19 "For this is grace if on account of conscience..."

1 Peter 2:20 "...this is grace with God."

Now we want to look at some verb forms of the word grace which are hidden. [A verb is an action word or state of being]. There are two Greek verbs from *charis*. The first is *charitaa* and the second is *charizomai*. The first is translated highly graced in Luke 1:28. It also occurs in Ephesians 1:6 "...from which He graced us in the Love One"

The second word is most commonly translated by a variation of "forgive" or a variation of "give". This is part of the meaning does not do justice to the depth of this word. It literally means to deal with graciously, and therefore forgiveness may comprise some of that gracious dealing. Romans 8:32 "and with Him graciously give us all things." 1 Corinthians 2:12 "the things graciously given to us

Ephesians 4:32 [This is an important text] "being gracious with yourselves, even as God also dealt graciously with you in Christ"

Philippians 1:29 "For it has been graciously given to you..."

Philippians 2:9 "and graciously gave Him ..."

Colossians 2:13 "...dealt graciously with you, all your trespasses"

Colossians 3:13 "...dealing graciously with yourselves ... "

Philemon 22 "that through your worship, I shall be dealt with graciously by you all"

Does understanding these passages as referring to grace open them up and expand there depth? Can you see the additionally benefits of God's grace for us? What a privilege to be the recipients of God's grace.

Are You A Son?

You might think the answer to that question is based on your sex. However, the Bible has something different to say about being a son. 2,000 years separate us from the time the New Testament was written. The Jews graduated their male children to the status of sons, "Today, I am a man." in the bar mitixzah [bar: son and mitixzah - commandment]. The Romans held a similar ceremony for their boys known as the toga ceremony in which the young removed their dothes of childhood and were given a toga, the dothing of sonship or adulthood. In both cutures this happened at about age 13, though the exact age was decided by the youth's father.

In his letter to the Galatians, Paul used this familiar tradition to explain the believer's present status and his relationship to the Mosaic Law. In Galatians 3:26 we find that all who are believers are ________ in Christ, The Galatians were Gentiles. Their tradition of graduating a male child to the status of son took place in the _______ ceremony. The believer who had been placed into Christ has _______ Christ (Galatians 3:27). Christ Himself functions as our toga of maturity. Because we are in Him God counts us to be wearing Him as our adult clothes. Paul was a Jew before he personally believed in Jesus Christ. In chapter four he explained what God had to do for the Jewish believers so that they might also be sons in Christ. He illustrated this from the both the Jewish and Roman traditions.

Galatians 4:1 The _____, while he was a child, didn't differ from a ______even if he was _____. 4:2 - He remained under the authority of _____ and

until the time which his father decided.

4:3 - The "we" was the Jews, which Paul uses to illustrate this. When they were babes, they were under the basic elementary rules of the

_____ and were _____. 4:4 - God sent the Son to born under the _____ [the Mosaic

_______were a summary]. 4:5 - The Son _______the Jewish believers from being under the Law. The idea of redeeming meant to pay a price in order to remove. Christ paid to remove the Jewish believer from living under the ______. He did this so they could be placed as ______. The Greek word "adoption" was not strictly used in the same manner which we use it in English. In English, adoption is legal process of making another's biological child one's own legal child. However, the Romans also used this word to describe the act of graduating one's own child to the status of son and the Greek word meant literally "son placement." By God the Son paying the price, He was able to remove the Jewish believers so that they could be sons in Christ.

4:6 - The Holy Spirit has been sent into the hearts of believers crying "_____" an Aramaic word like our "daddy." Therefore, it doesn't make any difference whether you are a male or female. Every one who believes in Jesus Christ as His Savior Who died for his sins, was buried and rose again, he is in Christ. Everyone who is in Christ is a son.

4:7 - Since one is a son, he is no longer a _______.
 4:8 - In the past we didn't _______. At that time we also were ________ to those things which were not really _______.
 4:9 - Then we came to _______. God [or rather to be _______.
 by God]. Paul wanted to know how they could turn back to the word for "basic elements" as in verse 3. ______. Paul used the same word for "basic elements" as in verse 3. _______. Paul used the same bidays of both the [wish Law and Roman relizion. _______.

How can one live like a son?

Everyone who is in Christ is a son. Nothing can change that. One may be a son in Christ, however, and not live like a son. It is possible for the believer to live like a son.

Children need rules. Look back at Galatians 4:1-3. When one is a child he is under the authority of other people. When one is a child, he lives under the basic elements of the world (v. 3).

Believers are not little children any more but are sons.

A son is one who is mature in the family. He doesn't live by the rules by which a child lives. How is this possible. Does he simply do whatever he wishes? No. God has a better way for him to live his life.

Romans 8:14 - Those who are being

______ are sons. Rather than a set of rules, the Spirit leads these kind of people. How can one be led by the Spirit? Romans 8:4-6 - He is to ______ by the Spirit. Paul did not use "walk" literally of taking foosteps. He used walk to describe how one lives his life. In verse 5 Paul explained that walking involves how one thinks. The word "mind" or "thinks" describes how one places certain facts in his mind to adjust his attitude so that he can think and act properly. "Flesh" is the fallen, perverted nature inside of very human that does not want to do God's will. The believer canchoose to put facts in his inind which the Spirit has for him or facts from the _____. When one has an attitude which comes from the flesh, its is ______. Paul meant that the individual is still living like he did before he believed the gospel. On the other hand, the attitude which comes from the Spirit is _____and

Therefore, one can live like a son by _____

Paul uses this same language of being led back in his letter to the Galatians. In 5:18 he wrote that those who are _____ by the Spirit, they are under _____ law. They don't need a law. What law could be given to them. Read verses 22-23. Note the final words over verse 23. The fruit comes from the _____ and there are no ______ against the fruit.